INVESTOR RELATIONS 2014



beyond the best KUMHO PETROCHEMICAL



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2014 Overview

Sales & Operating Income

- ❖ Sales dropped by 7.1% year on year, amounting to KRW 4,765.6 billion.
- Operating Income rose by 37.7% year on year, amounting to KRW 184.8 billion.

(Unit: KRW bn)

Sales		(Unit: KRW bn)
	4,765.6	5,132.1
	2014	2013

Operating Income	(Unit: KRW bn)
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(Office NAVV 511)								
			YoY					
	2014	2013	Amount	Rate of change				
S a l e s	4,765.6	5,132.1	-366.5	-7.1%				
[Synthetic Rubbers]	1,853.0	2,294.9	-441.9	-19.3%				
[Synthetic Resins]	1,324.7	1,347.9	-23.2	-1.7%				
[Others]	1,587.9	1,489.3	98.6	6.6%				
Phenol Derivative	1,039.4	959.1	80.3	8.4%				
Specialty Chemical s	150.7	156.9	-6.2	-4.0%				
Energy	159.7	158.0	1.7	1.1%				
Others	238.1	215.3	22.8	10.6%				
Operating Income	184.8	134.2	50.6	37.7%				
[%]	3.9%	2.6%	1.3%p	-				
Income before Income Taxes	117.2	-70.5	187.7	deficit to surplus				
Net Income	93.1	-12.3	105.4	deficit to surplus				
Gain/Loss on Valuation of Equity Method Investments	11.9	32.6	-20.7	-63.5%				
/ Not Incomo is base	·/ Not Income is based on Controlling Interests							

[✓] Net Income is based on Controlling Interests.

2014 Overview

Financial Structure

- The improved operating gain and loss in main businesses increased the interest coverage ratios.
- Despite such large-scale investment as part of the energy expansion, a continued liquidity management stabilized the financial structure.

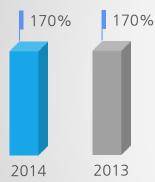
Interest

Coverage Ratio

(Unit: KRW bn)

YoY

Debt to Equity Ratio (%)



	owing V bn)	S	'
	2,148	2,	,032.7
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				101		
	Unit	2014	2013	Amount	Rate of change	
Assets	KRW bn	4,437.3	4,211.6	225.7	5.4%	
Liabilities	KRW bn	2,795.7	2,651.9	143.8	5.4%	
Shareholders' Equity		1,641.6	1,559.7	81.9	5.3%	
Controlling Interests	KRW bn	1,559.4	1,474.6	84.8	5.8%	
Non- controlling Interests	DII	82.2	85.1	-2.9	-3.4%	
Debt to Equity Ratio	%	170	170	-	-	
Borrowings		2,148.2	2,032.7	115.4	5.7%	
Won- denominated	KRW	1,559.0	1,580.5	-21.5	-1.4%	
Foreign currency- denominated	bn	589.2	452.2	137.0	30.3%	
Total Assets Turnover Ratio		1.10	1.19	-0.09	-7.4%	

2.72

1.93

0.79

40.7%

Total Assets Turnover Ratio





Interest Coverage

Business Review

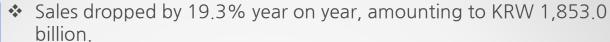
Synthetic Rubbers

38.9% of Total sales

Synthetic Rubbers

Synthetic R e s i n s

Others



The continued weak BD prices and sluggish demand for synthetic rubber led to decreased profitability

Weak BD Prices

- In addition to the weak prices caused by downstream makers' low operating rate, a sharp decline in oil and naphtha prices deteriorated the decreased prices.

> BD Price changes by region

(Unit: USD/ton)

	1Q,'14	2Q,'14	3Q,'14	4Q,'14
Asia	1,399	1,336	1,500	1,072
N. America	1,603	1,618	1,351	965
Europe	1,424	1,385	1,221	729

Source: ICIS/PLATTS 2014

Continued sluggish demand for synthetic rubber

- The influx of expanded synthetic rubber supplies and sluggish demand decreased the sales volume and worsened the profitability.
- Decrease in prices of natural rubber caused by the increase in its production deepened the weakness of synthetic rubber prices. (Unit: USD/ton)

	1Q,'14	2Q,'14	3Q,'14	4Q,'14
SBR	1,802	1,767	1,889	1,671
BR	1,908	1,817	1,993	1,720

Source: ICIS 2014



Business Review

Synthetic Resins

27.8% of Total sales

Synthetic Rubbers

Synthetic R e s i n s

Others

- ❖ Sales dropped by 1.7% year on year, amounting to KRW 1,324.7 billion.
- Despite a drop in the feedstock prices, the increased sales volume and expanded spread between cost and selling price led to a higher profitability.

Decreased SM prices

- Because of the high SM inventory in China's Huadong region early this year as well as the decreased prices of raw materials (benzene/ethylene) and oil late this year, the downward trend in SM prices continued.

> SM Price changes

(Unit: USD/ton, CFR China)

	1Q,'14	2Q,'14	3Q,'14	4Q,'14
SM	1,647	1,609	1,585	1,225

* Source: ICIS 2014

· Expanded profitability of synthetic resin

- Despite a drop in SM prices, the expanded spread between the cost and the selling price, which was caused by the ABS-centered secure demand, led to a higher profitability.
- PPG expansion increased sales and improved profitability.

(Unit: USD/ton)

	1Q,'14	2Q,'14	3Q,'14	4Q,'14
PS	1,781	1,733	1,707	1,447
ABS	1,919	1,906	1,943	1,767

Source: PLATTS 2014



Business Review

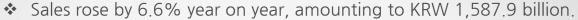
Others

33.3% Of Total sales

Synthetic Rubbers

Synthetic Resins

Others



- Phenol derivatives: Adjustments in supply during the second half of the year improved the profitability.
- Energy: The increase in sales volume of steam and electricity led to higher sales and operating profits.

Phenol derivatives

- Despite strong prices caused by the tight balance between supply and demand in feedstock, an oversupply limited the rise in the selling prices.

 Therefore, profitability continued to worsen during the first half of the year.
- The alleviation of an imbalanced supply and demand caused by the expansion delay and adjustments of utilization rate improved the spread between the cost and selling price during the second half of the year.

➤ BZ Price changes

(Unit: USD/ton, FOB Korea)

	1Q,'14	2Q,'14	3Q,'14	4Q,'14	
BZ	1,296	1,298	1,301	939	

Source: PLATTS 2014

Energy

- Along with affiliates, a robust demand increased the sales volume of steam and electricity.
- Despite a maintenance in the 4Q, such operation flexibility as maintenance period adjustments reduced a drop in sales and operating profits than expected.
- Expansion of Yeosu Energy II: Steam 800T/H, Electricity 145MWH(in 2016.1Q), Investment of KRW 425.8bn(2012~2016.1Q)



2015 Outlook

BD

- Prices are expected to be weakly steady because of the weak oil and naphtha prices, but the downstream (synthetic rubber) makers' adjustment of utilization rates will change the prices.
- The influx of new supplies within the year will increase the amount of supply. However, maker troubles and adjustments of operating rates are expected to maintain the balance between supply and demand.

• Downstream industries, such as automobile and tire industries, are expected to grow stably; and the growth rate of demand is approximately 4 %.

Synthetic Rubbers

• The low inventory of synthetic rubber and the decreased amount of new supply will result in slightly stabilizing the supply and demand status.



- A decreased supply through regional SM producers' scrap and annual maintenance will lead to a tight balance between supply and demand.
- Prices are expected to be strongly steady because of the downstream (ABS/PS) makers' robust operating rates.

• The status of supply and demand is similar to that of last year's. As such, prices will continue to be strongly steady.

• Purchases will begin in earnest after Chinese new year. In turn, the demand will gradually increase.

Synthetic Resins

Income Statement

(Unit: KRW bn)

			2014				YoY	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Total	2013	Amount	Rate of change
Sales	1,241.6	1,218.2	1,206.7	1,099.1	4,765.6	5,132.1	-366.5	-7.1%
Operating Income	28.6	41.5	60.9	53.8	184.8	134.2	50.6	37.7%
(Operating Margin)	2.3%	3.4%	5.0%	4.9%	3.9%	2.6%	1.3%p	
Net Interest Expense	20.9	2.7	27.0	30.8	81.4	61.4	20.0	32.6%
Gain/Loss on Valuation of Equity Method Investments	5.4	-0.8	-0.1	7.4	11.9	32.6	-20.7	-63.5%
Income before Income Taxes	14.1	26.3	31.7	45.1	117.2	-70.5	187.7	surplus to deficit
(Ordinary Income Margin)	1.1%	2.2%	2.6%	4.1%	2.5%	-1.4%	3.9%p	-
Net Income	14.9	23.7	24.1	30.4	93.1	-12.3	105.4	surplus to deficit
(Net Income Margin)	1.2%	1.9%	2.0%	2.8%	2.0%	-0.2%	2.2%p	-

[✓] Net Income is based on Controlling Interests.

Balance Sheet

(Unit: KRW bn)

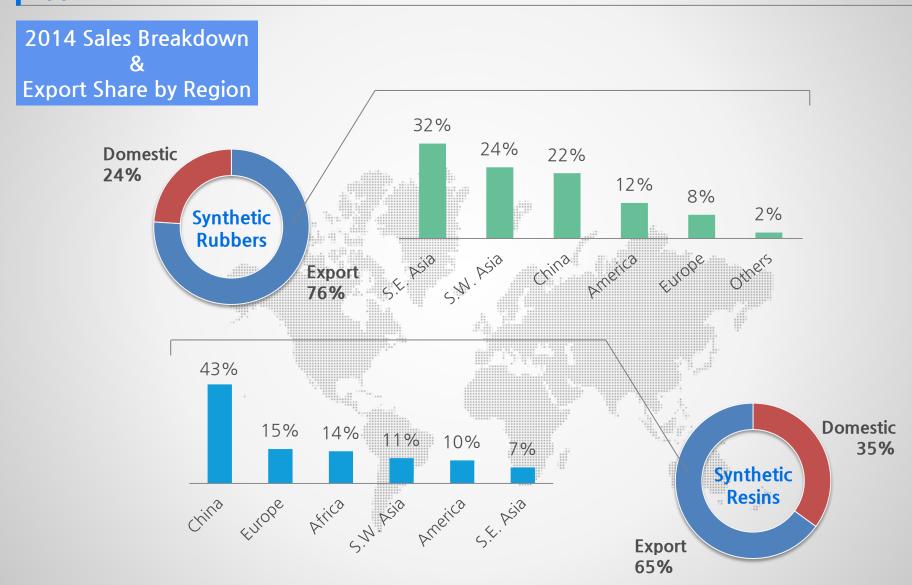
	2014	2012	Yo'	Y
	2014	2013	Amount	Rate of change
Current Assets	1,401.4	1,258.9	142.5	11.3%
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	213.6	83.3	130.3	156.4%
Non-current Assets	3,035.9	2,952.7	83.2	2.8%
Total Assets	4,437.3	4,211.6	225.7	5.4%
Current Liabilities	1,739.4	1,404.5	334.9	23.8%
Non-current Liabilities	1,056.3	1,247.4	-191.1	-15.3%
■ Interest bearing Liabilities	2,148.2	2,032.7	115.5	5.7%
- Short-term Debts	1,175.7	856.8	318.9	37.2%
- Long-term Debts	972.5	1,175.9	-203.4	-17.3%
Non-interest bearing Liabilities	647.5	619.2	28.3	4.6%
Total Liabilities	2,795.7	2,651.9	143.8	5.4%
Common & Preferred Stock	167.5	167.5	-	-
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,641.6	1,559.7	81.9	5.3%
Net Debt Ratio	43.6%	46.3%	-2.7%p	-
Long-term Debts to Total Debts Ratio	45.3%	57.8%	-12.5%p	-
Current Ratio	80.6%	89.6%	-9.0%p	-
Debt to Equity Ratio	170.3%	170.0%	0.3%p	-

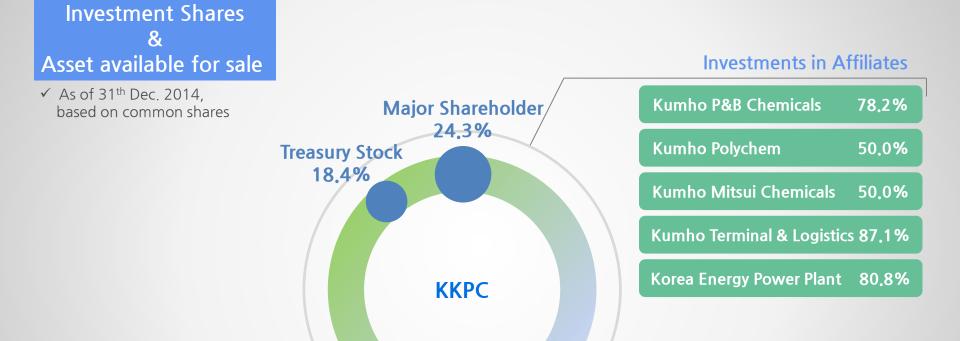
Production Capacity (KKPC)

	Product		Capa.		Unit	Note
Synthetic Rubbers	SBR		481,			
	BR	HBR	290,			
		LBR	45,	000		
	S-SBR		60,	000	MT/Y	
	NdBR		55,	000		
	NBR		80,	000		
	HSR		10,	000		
	NB Latex		168,	000		
	SB Latex		80,	000		
	SBS		70,	000		
	Total		1,339,	000		
Synthetic Resins	PS		230,	230,000		
	ABS		250,	000		
	EPS		80,	000	MT/Y	
	PPG		135,	000	IVII/ I	Completion of Expansion: 55,000MT/Y in Jul. '14
	Total		695,	000		
Specialty Chemicals	Antioxidants		80,	300	MT/Y	
Energy	Steam		910		T/H	Completion of Expansion:
	Electricity		155		MWH	Steam 800T/H, Electricity 145MWH in 1Q,'16
BD	Ulsan		90,	000		
	Yeosu		147,000		MT/Y	
	Total		237,	000		

Production Capacity (Affiliates)

	Product	Capa.	Unit	Note
Kumho P&B Chemicals	Phenol	380,000	MT/Y	Completion of Expansion: 300,000MT/Y, 1H,'16
	Acetone	235,000		Completion of Expansion: 185,000MT/Y, 1H,'16
	MIBK	60,000		
	Cumene	430,000		Completion of Expansion: 470,000MT/Y, 1H,'16
	BPA	450,000		
	Epoxy Resin	135,000		Completion of Expansion: 45,000MT/Y, 2Q,'14
	Total	1,690,000		
Kumho Polychem	EP(D)M	160,000		Completion of Expansion: 60,000MT/Y, 3Q,'15
	TPV/KEPA	KEPA 7,000		
	Total	167,000		
Kumho Mitsui Chemicals	MDI	200,000		
	Aniline	2,000	MT/Y	
	Total	al 202,000		





Asiana Airlines 12,6%

Daewoo E&C 3,5%

KDB Life Insurance 0,9%

Asset available for sale

Q&A